Felix Bornemann (born November 17, 1861 in Leipzig, † October 1932 in Eisenach) was a German crop scientists.

Bornemann studied natural sciences in Göttingen and Berlin, received his doctorate in 1887 in Freiburg im Breisgau and then went into practical agriculture. From 1891 to 1901 he was a domain tenant on the Trenkelhof near Eisenach. He then studied agriculture in Berlin. In 1908 he received at the Berlin Agricultural College, the Venia legendi for business studies and agriculture. As a private lecturer or later as a professor he belonged until 1921 to the faculty of this college. He then worked as an economic consultant.

Since 1901 Bornemann has published numerous articles on tillage, weed control and fertilization in professional journals. He is also the author of several books. His award-winning writing on the main agricultural weeds was published three times. As an imaginative experimenter, he worked in the field of carbon dioxide fertilization.

Fonts

- The engine culture in Germany (with the participation of B. Donath). Publishing bookshop Paul Parey, Berlin 1913.

Literature


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